

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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NAFESSA SYEED and NAULA NDUGGA, :
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 : Plaintiffs, :
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 : -v - :
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 : BLOOMBERG L.P., :
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 : Defendant. :
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 :
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1:20-cv-7464-GHW

AMENDED
CONFIDENTIALITY
AGREEMENT AND
PROTECTIVE ORDER

GREGORY H. WOODS, District Judge:

WHEREAS, all of the parties to this action (collectively, the “Parties” and each individually, a “Party”) request that this Court issue a protective order pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) to protect the confidentiality of nonpublic and competitively or individually sensitive information that they may need to disclose in connection with discovery in this action;

WHEREAS, this Court finds that good cause exists for issuance of an appropriately tailored confidentiality order governing the pretrial phase of this action;

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Parties to this action, their respective officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, any other person in active concert or participation with any of the foregoing, and all other persons with actual notice of this Order will adhere to the following terms, upon pain of contempt:

1. With respect to “Discovery Material” (*i.e.*, information of any kind produced or disclosed in the course of discovery in this action) that a person has designated as “Confidential” or “Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only” (together, “Confidential Discovery Material”) pursuant to this Order, no person subject to this Order may disclose such Confidential Discovery Material to anyone else except as expressly permitted hereunder:

2. The Party or person producing or disclosing Discovery Material (each,

“Producing Party”) may designate as Confidential only the portion of such material that it reasonably and in good faith believes consists of:

- (a) previously non-disclosed financial information (including without limitation profitability reports or estimates, percentage fees, design fees, royalty rates, minimum guarantee payments, sales reports, and sale margins);
- (b) previously non-disclosed material relating to ownership or control of any non-public company;
- (c) previously non-disclosed business plans, product-development information, or marketing plans;
- (d) any information of a personal or intimate nature regarding any individual, including personnel records of any Party or current or former employee; or
- (e) any other category of information given confidential status by this Court after the date of this Order.

3. A Producing Party may designate Discovery Material as “Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only” if the Producing Party reasonably and in good faith believes that the Discovery Material contains highly confidential or highly sensitive non-public information that that is of such a nature that the harm to the Producing Party caused by disclosure to the Requesting Party outweighs the harm to the ability of the Requesting Party’s counsel to evaluate and use the information in this action. For purposes of this Protective Order, Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only information to the extent consistent with the standard set forth above *may* include, but is not limited to, non-public materials containing information related to:

- (a) personnel, disciplinary, leave, or recruiting records, including performance reviews, compensation information or other financial remuneration information, or medical or health information of any individual other than Plaintiff;

- (b) medical records relating to Plaintiff; and
- (c) commercially sensitive non-public information (e.g. information that constitutes or contains proprietary financial, technical, or commercially sensitive competitive information).

4. The fact that information may fall within one of the categories identified in ¶ 3(a) –(c) above, and has been designated by the Producing Party as Confidential Attorneys’ Eyes Only, does not preclude the Receiving Party from challenging the designation as set forth in ¶ 17 below.

5. With respect to the Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only portion of any Discovery Material other than deposition transcripts and exhibits, the Producing Party or its counsel may designate such portion as “Confidential” or “Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only” by stamping or otherwise clearly marking as “Confidential” or “Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only” the protected portion in a manner that will not interfere with legibility or audibility.

6. A Producing Party or its counsel may designate deposition exhibits or portions of deposition transcripts as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only either by (a) indicating on the record during the deposition that a question calls for Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only information, in which case the reporter will bind the transcript of the designated testimony in a separate volume and mark it as “Confidential Information Governed by Protective Order” or “Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only Information Governed by Protective Order;” or (b) notifying the reporter and all counsel of record, in writing, within 30 days after receipt of the deposition transcript, of the specific pages and lines of the transcript that are to be designated Confidential or “Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only” in which case all counsel receiving the transcript will be responsible for marking the copies of the designated transcript in their possession or under their control as directed by the Producing Party or that person’s counsel.

During the 30-day period following receipt of the deposition transcript, all Parties will treat the entire deposition transcript as if it had been designated Confidential, unless exhibits or testimony are identified on the record during the deposition as Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only, in which case the entire transcript, including exhibits, shall be deemed so designated until the 30-day period has expired, or until the Producing Party has provided specific designations.

7. No depositions that will involve the use of Attorneys' Eyes Only

Information will be scheduled until the parties have had the opportunity to meet and confer over designations of AEO material to be used at such deposition, and to bring any disputes to the Court for resolution, so that it will be clear before the deposition begins whether any exhibits will give rise to a portion of the deposition being designated Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only.

8. If at any time before the termination of this action a Producing Party realizes that it should have designated as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only some portion(s) of Discovery Material that it previously produced without limitation, the Producing Party may so designate such material by notifying all Parties in writing. Thereafter, all persons subject to this Order will treat such designated portion(s) of the Discovery Material as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only. In addition, the Producing Party shall provide each other Party with replacement versions of such Discovery Material that bears the "Confidential" or "Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only" designation within two business days of providing such notice.

9. Nothing contained in this Order will be construed as: (a) a waiver by a Party or person of its right to object to any discovery request; (b) a waiver of any privilege or protection; or (c) a ruling regarding the admissibility at trial of any document, testimony, or other evidence.

10. Where a Producing Party has designated Discovery Material as Confidential, other persons subject to this Order may disclose such information only to the following persons:

- (a) the Parties to this action, their insurers, and counsel to their insurers;
- (b) in-house counsel and counsel retained specifically for this action, including

any paralegal, clerical, or other assistant that such outside counsel employs and assigns to this matter;

- (c) outside vendors or service providers (such as copy-service providers and document-management consultants) that counsel hire and assign to this matter;
- (d) any mediator or arbitrator that the Parties engage in this matter or that this Court appoints, provided such person has first executed a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as Exhibit A hereto;
- (e) as to any document, its author, its addressee, and any other person indicated on the face of the document as having received a copy;
- (f) any witness who counsel for a Party in good faith believes may be called to testify at trial or deposition in this action, provided such person has first executed a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as Exhibit A hereto;
- (g) any person a Party retains to serve as an expert witness or otherwise provide specialized advice to counsel in connection with this action, provided such person has first executed a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as Exhibit A hereto;
- (h) stenographers engaged to transcribe depositions the Parties conduct in this action; and
- (i) this Court, including any appellate court, its support personnel, and court reporters.

11. Where a Producing Party has designated Discovery Material as

Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only, other persons subject to this Order may disclose such information only to those listed in Paragraphs 10(b), 10(c), 10(d), 10(e), 10(g), 10(h), and 10(i),

Defendant's insurer(s), or any other person agreed to by the Parties in writing.

12. Before disclosing any Confidential Discovery Material to any person referred to in subparagraphs 10(d), 10(f), or 10(g) above, counsel must provide a copy of this Order to such person, who must sign a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as Exhibit A hereto stating that he or she has read this Order and agrees to be bound by its terms. Said counsel must retain each signed Non-Disclosure Agreement, hold it in escrow, and produce it to opposing counsel either before such person is permitted to testify (at deposition or trial) or at the conclusion of the case, whichever comes first.

13. This Order binds the Parties and certain others to treat as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only any Discovery Materials so classified. The Court has not, however, made any finding regarding the confidentiality of any Discovery Materials, and retains full discretion to determine whether to afford confidential treatment to any Discovery Material designated as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only hereunder. All persons are placed on notice that the Court is unlikely to seal or otherwise afford confidential treatment to any Discovery Material introduced into evidence at trial, even if such material has previously been sealed or designated as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only.

14. Within 15 calendar days after receipt of a deposition transcript for which any exhibits were designated Confidential, the Producing Party shall provide the other Party copies of the documents with Confidential portions redacted so that the copy may be filed on the public record. Any party who anticipates filing with the Court any material designated as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only by another Party, for which a redacted version has not already been provided, may request the Producing Party provide a copy of the designated documents that the receiving party, in good faith, anticipates filing with the Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only portion(s) redacted. The Producing Party shall do so within two business days of

receiving the request.

15. In filing Confidential Discovery Material with this Court, or filing portions of any pleadings, motions, or other papers that disclose such Confidential Discovery Material (“Confidential Court Submission”), the Parties shall publicly file a redacted copy of the Confidential Court Submission via the Electronic Case Filing System. In accordance with Rule 4(A) of the Court’s Individual Rules of Practice in Civil Cases, the Parties shall file an unredacted copy of the Confidential Court Submission under seal with the Clerk of this Court, and the Parties shall serve this Court and opposing counsel with unredacted courtesy copies of the Confidential Court Submission. In accordance with Rule 4(A) of this Court’s Individual Rules of Practice in Civil Cases, any Party that seeks to file Confidential Discovery Material under seal must file an application and supporting declaration justifying—on a particularized basis—the sealing of such documents. Further, consistent with Rule 4(A) of this Court’s Individual Rules of Practice in Civil Cases, when a party seeks leave to file Confidential Discovery Material under seal on the ground that an opposing party has designated material as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys’ Eyes Only, the designating party must file, within three days, a supporting declaration explaining the need for the sealing of such Confidential Discovery Materials. The parties should be aware that the Court will unseal documents if it is unable to make “specific, on the record findings . . . demonstrating that closure is essential to preserve higher values and is narrowly tailored to serve that interest.” *Lugosch v. Pyramid Co. of Onondaga*, 435 F.3d 110, 120 (2d Cir. 2006).

16. Any Party who objects to any designation of confidentiality, including designations of Confidential Attorneys’ Eyes Only, may at any time before the trial of this action serve upon counsel for the Producing Party a written notice stating with particularity the grounds of the objection. The Producing Party must then state with particularity the grounds for retaining protection. If the Parties cannot reach agreement promptly, counsel for all affected Parties will address their dispute to this Court in accordance with paragraph 2(C) of this Court’s Individual

Practices.

17. Recipients of Confidential Discovery Material under this Order may use such material solely for the prosecution and defense of this action and any appeals thereto, and not for any other purpose or in any other litigation proceeding. Nothing contained in this Order, however, will affect or restrict the rights of any Party with respect to its own documents or information produced in this action.

18. Nothing in this Order will prevent any Party from producing any Confidential Discovery Material in its possession in response to a lawful subpoena or other compulsory process, or if required to produce by law or by any government agency having jurisdiction, provided that such Party gives written notice to the Producing Party as soon as reasonably possible, and if permitted by the time allowed under the request, at least 10 days before any disclosure. Upon receiving such notice, the Producing Party will bear the burden to oppose compliance with the subpoena, other compulsory process, or other legal notice if the Producing Party deems it appropriate to do so.

19. Each person who has access to Discovery Material designated as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only pursuant to this Order must take all due precautions to prevent the unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of such material.

20. Within 60 days of the final disposition of this action—including all appeals—all recipients of Confidential Discovery Material must either return it—including all copies thereof—to the Producing Party, or, upon permission of the Producing Party, destroy such material—including all copies thereof. In either event, by the 60-day deadline, the recipient must certify its return or destruction by submitting a written certification to the Producing Party that affirms that it has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Confidential Discovery Material. Notwithstanding this provision, the attorneys that the Parties have specifically retained for this action may retain an archival copy of all pleadings,


motion papers, transcripts, expert reports, legal memoranda, correspondence, or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Confidential Discovery Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Confidential Discovery Material remain subject to this Order.

21. This Order will survive the termination of the litigation and will continue to be binding upon all persons subject to this Order to whom Confidential Discovery Material is produced or disclosed.

22. This Court will retain jurisdiction over all persons subject to this Order to the extent necessary to enforce any obligations arising hereunder or to impose sanctions for any contempt thereof.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 4, 2022
New York, New York



GREGORY H. WOODS
United States District Judge

Exhibit A
to Stipulated Confidentiality
Agreement and Protective Order

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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NAFESSA SYEED and NAULA NDUGGA,	:	
	:	
Plaintiff(s),	:	1:20-cv-
	:	7464-GHW
-v -	:	
	:	
BLOOMBERG L.P.,	:	<u>NON-DISCLOSURE</u>
	:	<u>AGREEMENT</u>
Defendant.	:	
	X	

I, _____, acknowledge that I have read and understand the Protective Order in this action governing the non-disclosure of those portions of Discovery Material that have been designated as Confidential or Confidential-Attorneys' Eyes Only. I agree that I will not disclose such Confidential Discovery Material to anyone other than for purposes of this litigation and that at the conclusion of the litigation I will return all discovery information to the Party or attorney from whom I received it. By acknowledging these obligations under the Protective Order, I understand that I am submitting myself to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York for the purpose of any issue or dispute arising hereunder and that my willful violation of any term of the Protective Order could subject me to punishment for contempt of Court.

Name:
Date: